

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A membrane artificial lung for performing gas exchange between blood and a gas via the membrane by flowing the blood in one side of the membrane and flowing oxygen or an oxygen-containing gas in the other side of the membrane,

wherein said membrane comprises a hollow fiber membrane, said hollow fiber membrane comprising poly-4-methylpentene-1 and having an oxygen permeation rate  $Q(O_2)$  at 25°C of from  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  to  $3 \times 10^{-3}$  ( $\text{cm}^3(\text{STP})/\text{cm}^2 \cdot \text{sec} \cdot \text{cmHg}$ ) and an ethanol flux of from 0.1 to 100  $\text{ml}/\text{min} \cdot \text{m}^2$ ,

wherein said membrane has, in the side of the blood flow, a surface comprising an ionic complex derived from:

quaternary aliphatic alkylammonium salts; and  
heparin or a heparin derivative, and

wherein said quaternary alkylammonium salts comprise a quaternary aliphatic alkylammonium salt having from 22 to 26 carbon atoms in total and a quaternary aliphatic alkylammonium salt having from 37 to 40 carbon atoms in total.

2. The membrane artificial lung according to claim 1, wherein said quaternary alkylammonium salt comprises from 5 to 35% by weight of a quaternary aliphatic

alkylammonium salt having from 22 to 26 carbon atoms in total and from 65 to 95% by weight of a quaternary aliphatic alkylammonium salt having from 37 to 40 carbon atoms in total.

3. The membrane artificial lung according to claim 1, wherein said quaternary aliphatic alkylammonium salt comprise a dimethyldidodecylammonium salt and a dimethyldioctadecylammonium salt.